(iv) NLC shall supply on payment raw lignite to the project in accordance with its actual requirements.

(v) The agreement shall be subject to Indian laws.

M/s. STPS has since formed an Indian Company known as M/s. ST-CMS Electric Company to implement this project.

NLC's Zero Unit project and the project now to be implemented by M/s. ST-CMS Electric Company are not exactly identical. While NLC's Zero Unit project capacity was 1x210 MW, the project of M/s. ST-CMS Electric Company has a proposed capacity of 1x250 MW. The two projects also differ in the pattern of ownership, in location, availability of infrastructure, in customer profile, etc.

The Zero Unit project of NLC was sanctioned at a capital cost of Rs. 397.26 crores at 7/88 base. The cost projected by the private company for their project is about Rs. 1125 crores. The difference in cost is attributed, inter-alia, to the following major reasons :—

(i) Escalation in cost over a period of time.

(ii) Change in debt—equity ratio and pattern of financing.

(iii) Increase in the capacity of the unit from 210 MW to 250 MW.

(iv) Additional land cost and other infrastructural facilities to be provided by the new company.

Effect on the economy of coal producing States due to reduction in import duty on coal

7334. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA : Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state the consequent effect on the Coal India Limited and Coal producing States' economy as a result of reduction in import of duty on coal ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA) : The reduction in import duty on non-coking coals would reduce the cost of imported coal to Indian Coal Consumers. A quick appraisal made by Coal India Limited indicates that with reduced import duty, the landed cost of imported coal at some Thermal Power Plants near the ports may be lower than the landed cost of indigenous coal. The implications of this reduction in customs duty on Indian Coal Companies and Coal producing States would depend on the quantities of coal actually imported and therefore cannot be accurately assessed for the present.

Employment in different subsidiaries of Coal India Ltd.

7335. SHRI MD. SALIM : Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total number of workforce, category-wise in different subsidiaries of Coal India Ltd.; and

(b) what are the details of the number of officers, employees and workers in different subsidiary companies of Coal India Ltd. for the last three years ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA) : (a) and (b) The categorywise details

of the workforce for the last three years are as under :

Company	Executive	Monthly Rated	Daily Rated	Piece Rated	Casual	Badli	Company Trainee	Others
March, 1992								
ECL	3474	28090	82562	60171	311	250	737	..
BCCL	3753	26240	74903	58137	729	78	333	1479
CCL	2991	18362	48832	26470	640	..	1510	..
SECL	3352	16756	73967	21126	611	2158	48	..
WCL	2115	12007	50801	17362	824	2584	49	..
NCL	1215	3442	11010	..	..	..	..	..
NEC	125	770	3892	506	..	..	..	..
CMPDIL	1323	1911	1078	..	99	..	..	..
DCC	103	475	148	..	..	..	..	..
CIL (HQ)	424	1145	66	..	..	..	..	..
CIL AS A WHOLE	18880	109199	347259	183772	3214	5070	2677	1479
March, 1993								
ECL	3565	27926	84632	56212	185	229	801	..
BCCL	3711	25872	73781	55886	63	677	252	102
CCL	3095	18080	48954	25067	634	..	1160	..
SECL	2622	13760	65422	14929	638	449	37	..
WCL	2214	12245	52237	17389	354	595	51	..
NCL	1210	3467	11271	..	..	..	..	..
NEC	137	771	3794	482	..	..	..	..
MCL	882	3389	12579	3794	1	1008	5	..
CMPDIL	1242	1894	1078	..	113	..	..	..
DCC	102	466	155	..	..	..	..	..
CIL (HQ)	451	1153	79	..	..	..	..	..
CIL AS A WHOLE	19231	109023	353982	173759	1988	2958	2306	102

Company	Executive	Monthly Rated	Daily Rated	Piece Rated	Casual	Badli	Company Trainee	Others
			March, 1994					
ECL	3511	28272	89007	50105	85	210	537	..
BCCL . . .	3637	25838	72084	54028	51	665	172	101
CCL . . .	3263	17929	48522	24342	617	..	1003	..
SECL . . .	2795	14188	65897	13742	571	295	35	:
WCL . . .	2305	12691	51832	17061	263	370	63	..
NCL . . .	1212	3486	11467	..	..	..	..	..
NEC	152	774	3726	446	..	..	..	..
MCL . . .	954	3599	13626	3366	..	513	2	..
CMPDIL . . .	1180	1859	1118	..	23		..	..
DCC . . .	82	459	155	..	..	..	..	..
CIL (HQ) . . .	430	1145	63	..	..	..	..	..
CIL AS A WHOLE .	19521	110240	357517	163090	1610	2053	1812	101

Jobs in Neyveli Lignite Corporation to those whose land has been acquired

7336. SHRI S. VID UTHALAI VIRUMBI : Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the administration of Neyveli Lignite Corporation and Kalpakkam Power Plant in Tamil Nadu had assured the people, who had handed over the land for the project, that the above mentioned Corporation would provide job to one member of each family of the said category of persons;

(b) what are the reasons for delay in the implementation of that assurance; and

(c) whether Government would take necessary action to fulfil the promise ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA) : (a) to (c) No assurance has been given either by the administration of Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd. (NLC) or by the administration of Kalpakkam Power Plant to provide job to one member of each family whose land has been acquired by them. The reasons for delay and the necessity for any action by the Government, therefore do not arise.

As per the norms of NLC's scheme for rehabilitation of land oustees, four categories of persons, eligible for employment in order of priority are :—

(i) whose house/s have been acquired with house site/s (pr ority I).

(ii) whose entire agricultural lands have been acquired along w th house and house site (priority II).

(iii) whose entire agr cu'tural lands have been acquired (priority III).